

Scientific Committee on Consumer Safety

SCCS

ADDENDUM

to the scientific Opinions on Climbazole (P64)

ref. SCCS/1506/13 and SCCS/1590/17



The SCCS adopted this document at its plenary meeting on 21-22 June 2018

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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calculation on margin of safety only.

This Addendum to the Opinion is final and was not subject to a commenting period as requested by the mandating DG because the terms of reference requested a revision of the

Keywords: SCCS, addendum, scientific opinion, Climbazole, preservative, P64, CAS 38083-17-9, EC 253-775-4, SCCS/1600/18, Regulation 1223/2009

Opinion to be cited as: SCCS (Scientific Committee on Consumer Safety), Addendum to the scientific Opinions on climbazole (P64) ref. SCCS/1506/13 and SCCS/1590/17, final version adopted on 21-22 June 2018, SCCS/1600/18

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SCCS

The Committee shall provide Opinions on questions concerning all types of health and safety risks (notably chemical, biological, mechanical and other physical risks) of non-food consumer products (for example: cosmetic products and their ingredients, toys, textiles, clothing, personal care and household products such as detergents, etc.) and services (for example: tattooing, artificial sun tanning, etc.).

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ISSN	ISBN
Doi:	ND-

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1. MANDATE FROM THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Background

The cosmetic ingredient Climbazole (CAS 38083-17-9), with the chemical name 1-(4-chlorophenoxy)-1-imidazol-1-yl-3,3-dimethyl-2-butanone, is currently regulated in the Cosmetics Regulation (EC) 1223/2009 as a preservative in Annex V, entry 32, up to a maximum authorized concentration of 0.5%.

Climbazole has been subject to different safety evaluations by the SCCP in 2005 (SCCP/0918/05¹) and 2009 (SCCP/1204/08²) and by the SCCS in 2013 (SCCS/1506/13³ and SCCS/1500/13⁴).

In October 2017 the SCCS adopted an addendum (SCCS/1590/17)5 to the opinion of Climbazole (P64) ref. SCCS/1506/13 that concludes:

The maximum concentrations of Climbazole considered as safe for human health under an aggregate exposure scenario are as follows:

2% as anti-dandruff agent in rinse-off shampoos and 0.2% as cosmetic preservative in leave – on formulations (face cream, hair lotion, foot care) with the exception of cosmetics applied on a full body area (body lotion).

Following the SCCS opinion, a discussion was held at the Working Group on Cosmetic Products on 28 February 2018 with a view to a COM proposal for a draft Regulation on Climbazole as preservative and as an anti-dandruff in rinse-off shampoos. During this discussion, Cosmetics Europe highlighted that Climbazole should also be safe for use as a preservative in rinse-off shampoos at 0.5%.

Further to concerns raised by Member States on this specific use, a re-assessment on the safety of Climbazole as a preservative in rinse-off shampoos is needed. At the same time, considering the need to evaluate the aggregate exposure for cosmetics, it is appropriate to re-assess the use of Climbazole for the different categories of relevant products and concentrations as follows.

¹ <u>http://ec.europa.eu/health/ph_risk/committees/04_sccp/docs/sccp_o_027.pdf</u>

² <u>http://ec.europa.eu/health/ph_risk/committees/04_sccp/docs/sccp_o_164.pdf</u>

³ <u>http://ec.europa.eu/health/scientific_committees/consumer_safety/docs/sccs_o_120.pdf</u>

⁴ <u>http://ec.europa.eu/health/scientific_committees/consumer_safety/docs/sccs_o_121.pdf</u>

Terms of reference

(1) In light of the SCCS addendum (SCCS/1590/17), does the SCCS consider safe the use of Climbazole (CAS 38083-17-9) when used in cosmetic products in the following specified concentrations under an aggregate exposure scenario for cosmetics:

As a cosmetic preservative in face cream up to a concentration of 0.2%;?
As a cosmetic preservative in hair lotion up to a concentration of 0.2%;
As a cosmetic preservative in foot care up to a concentration of 0.2%;
As a cosmetic preservative in rinse-off shampoo up to a concentration of 0.5%;
As an anti-dandruff agent in rinse-off shampoo up to a concentration of 2.0%.

(2) If not, what is according to the SCCS, the maximum concentration considered safe for use of Climbazole (CAS 38083-17-9) as a cosmetic preservative respectively in face cream, hair lotion, foot care and rinse-off shampoo as well as anti-dandruff agent in rinse-off shampoo under an aggregate exposure scenario for cosmetics?

2. OPINION

In the current mandate and in light of the SCCS Addendum (SCCS/1590/17), the SCCS is being asked to re-evaluate the safety levels of Climbazole in different specified concentrations in different cosmetic formulations (as preservative in face cream, hair lotion, foot care, rinse-off shampoo and as antidandruff agent in rinse-off shampoo) under an aggregate exposure scenario for cosmetics.

2.1 Relevant Information taken from the previous opinions

Calculation for the use of Climbazole at 2% as an anti-dandruff agent in shampoo

Dermal absorption through human skin	A (μ g/cm ²) = 0.506 μ g/cm ²
Skin Area surface (area hand + ½ area head)	SAS $(cm^2) = 1440 cm^2$
Frequency of application of the finished product	$F(day^{-1}) = 1.00$
Typical human body weight	= 60 kg
Systemic exposure dose (SED)	
A x (10 ⁻³ mg/µg) x SAS x F /60	= 0.0121 mg/kg bw
No observed effect level (90 day, oral, rat)	NOEL = 5 mg/kg bw/day

Margin of Safety

NOEL/SED = 413

Calculation for the use of Climbazole as preservative at 0.2% in aqueous hair lotions

Dermal absorption through human skin*	A (µg/cm ²)	=	0.687 µg/cm ²
Skin area surface (area hand + ½ area head)	SAS (cm ²)	=	1440 cm ²
Frequency of application of the finished product	F (day-1)	=	1.00
Typical human body weight		=	60 kg
Systemic exposure dose (SED) A x (10 ⁻³ mg/µg) x SAS x F / 60 kg No observed effect level (90 day, oral, rat)	NOEL		0.0164 mg/kg bw 5 mg/kg bw/day

Margin of Safety	NOEL/SED = 303	
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Calculation for the use of Climbazole as preservative at 0.2% in a cosmetic face

cream: application 2.14 times/day according to frequency of application per product type by Bremmer et al. (2006a, 2006b) and SCCS/1564/15

Dermal absorption through human skin	A (µg/cm²)	=	0.687 µg/cm ²
Skin area surface (1/2 area head female)	SAS (cm ²)	=	565 cm ²
Frequency of application of the finished product	F (day ⁻¹)	=	2.14
Typical human body weight		=	60 kg
Systemic exposure dose (SED)			
A x (10 ⁻³ mg/µg) x SAS x F / 60 kg		=	0.0138 mg/kg bw
No observed effect level (90 day, oral, rat)	NOEL	=	5 mg/kg bw/day

Margin of Safety	NOEL / SED = 361
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Calculation for the use of Climbazole as preservative at 0.5% in leave-on body lotion: application 2.28 times/day (according to frequency of application per product type by Bremmer et al. (2006a, 2006b) and SCCS/1564/15

A (µg/cm²)	=	1.719 µg/cm²
SAS (cm ²)	=	18,000 cm ²
F (day⁻¹)	=	2.28
	=	60 kg
	=	1.175 mg/kg bw
NOEL	=	5 mg/kg bw/day
	SAS (cm ²) F (day ⁻¹)	

Margin of Safety	NOEL/ SED = 4
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Calculation for the use of Climbazole as preservative up to 0.2% in foot care products

0.687 µg/cm ²
1170 cm ²
1.00
60 kg
0.0133 mg/kg bw
5 mg/kg bw/day

Margin of Safety	NOEL / SED = 373
r largin or barbey	1022,028 0,0

 \ast dermal absorption A ($\mu g/cm^2$) has been proportionally adjusted for the lowered concentration of Climbazole

2.2 Current Request

In a current request, the applicant requests the extension of the use of Climbazole as preservative at maximal concentration of 0.5% in shampoos. The following calculation of the MoS for that particular application is as follows:

Calculation for the use of Climbazole at 0.5 % as preservative in shampoo

Dermal absorption through human skin	A (µg/cm²)*	=	0.126 µg/cm ²
Skin Area surface (area hand + ½ area head)	SAS (cm ²)	=	1440 cm ²
Frequency of application of the finished product	F (day⁻¹)	=	1.00
Typical human body weight		=	60 kg
Systemic exposure dose (SED)			
A x (10 ⁻³ mg/µg) x SASx F / 60 kg		=	0.0030 mg/kg bw
No observed effect level (90 day, oral, rat)	NOEL	=	5 mg/kg bw/day

Margin of Safety NOEL/	SED =	1653
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 \ast dermal absorption A ($\mu g/cm2$) has been proportionally adjusted for the requested, lowered concentration of Climbazole

The individual uses of Climbazole and under an aggregate exposure scenario (Table 1 and 2), except its use as preservative up to 0.5% for whole body applications (MoS= 4), are considered safe:

- as an anti-dandruff compound up to 2% in cosmetic shampoos (MoS= 413),
- as a preservative compound up to 0.5 % in cosmetic shampoos (MoS= 1653),
- as preservative up to 0.2% in an aqueous hair lotion (MoS= 196),
- as preservative up to 0.2% in a face cream (MoS= 144),
- as preservative up to 0.2 % in foot care (MoS= 241).

Table 1 Combined use of Climbazole as preservative at a maximum concentration of 0.2% in leave-on and rinse-off cosmetic products and as an anti-dandruff agent in shampoo at 2%; realistic frequency of use values and conservative absorption values +1SD were taken into consideration;

Product type	Inclusion %	A* (ug/cm²)	SAS (cm²)	F (day⁻¹)	bw (kg)	SED	NOEL (mg/kg/day)	MoS
Shampoo (anti-dandruff)	2	0.506	1440	1	60	0.0121	5	413
hair lotion	0.2	0.687	1440	1	60	0.0164	5	304
face cream	0.2	0.687	565	2.14	60	0.0138	5	361
foot care	0.2	0.687	1170	1	60	0.0133	5	375
shampoo + hair lotion						0.0285	5	175
shampoo + face cream						0.0259	5	193
shampoo + foot care						0.0254	5	196
hair lotion + face cream						0.0302	5	165
hair lotion + foot care						0.0297	5	168
face cream + foot care						0.0271	5	184
shampoo + hair lotion + face cream						0.0423	5	118
shampoo + hair lotion + foot care						0.0418	5	119
shampoo + face cream + foot care						0.0392	5	127
hair lotion + face cream + foot care						0.0435	5	114
Shampoo(2%) + hair lotion + face cream + foot care						0.0556	5	89

*Dermal absorption values were proportionally adjusted.

NOTE: only cosmetic products with $MoS \ge 100$ were included in combined-use calculations.

Tab. 2 Combined use of Climbazole as preservative at a maximum concentration of 0.2% in leave-on cosmetic products and 0.5% in shampoo; realistic frequency of use values and conservative absorption values +1SD were taken into consideration;

Product type	Inclusion %	A* (ug/cm²)	SAS (cm²)	F (day ⁻¹)	bw (kg)	SED	NOEL (mg/kg/day)	MoS
Shampoo (preservative)	0.5	0.126	1440	1	60	0.0030	5	1653
hair lotion	0.2	0.687	1440	1	60	0.0164	5	304
face cream	0.2	0.687	565	2.14	60	0.0138	5	361
foot care	0.2	0.687	1170	1	60	0.0133	5	375
shampoo + hair lotion						0.0195	5	256
shampoo + face cream						0.0168	5	296
shampoo + foot care						0.0164	5	304
hair lotion + face cream						0.0303	5	165
hair lotion + foot care						0.0298	5	168
face cream + foot care						0.0272	5	184
shampoo + hair lotion + face cream						0.0333	5	149
shampoo + hair lotion + foot care						0.0329	5	151
shampoo + face cream + foot care						0.0302	5	165
hair lotion + face cream + foot care						0.0437	5	114
Shampoo(0.5%) + hair lotion + face cream +						0.0467		106
foot care							5	

*Dermal absorption values were proportionally adjusted.

NOTE: only cosmetic products with $MoS \ge 100$ were included in combined-use calculations.

3.3 Discussion

In light of the addendum (SCCS/1590/17), the SCCS recalculated the SED and MoS values according to the principles of the Notes of Guidance [SCCS/1564/15]. The proposed concentrations of Climbazole as <u>a cosmetic preservative:</u>

- in face cream up to a concentration of 0.2%;
- in hair lotion up to a concentration of 0.2%;
- in foot care up to a concentration of 0.2%;

- in rinse-off shampoo up to a concentration of 0.5%;

are considered safe <u>as well individually</u> as under <u>a conservative deterministic aggregate</u> <u>exposure scenario</u> (as preservative in shampoo(0.5%) + hair lotion + face cream + foot care).

When Climbazole is present as an anti-dandruff agent in rinse-off shampoo up to a concentration of 2.0%, it is considered to be safe as well <u>individually</u> as under <u>a conservative</u> <u>deterministic aggregate exposure scenario</u> (as anti-dandruff in shampoo (2%) + hair lotion + face cream + foot care).

The SCCS used the 4-cosmetic products combination in its calculation as it considers that the 5-cosmetic products combination including the combined use of both shampoos (as preservative only and with anti-dandruff action) is unrealistic.

3. CONCLUSION

(1) In light of the SCCS addendum (SCCS/1590/17), does the SCCS consider safe the use of Climbazole (CAS 38083-17-9) when used in cosmetic products in the following specified concentrations under an aggregate exposure scenario for cosmetics:

 \Box As a cosmetic preservative in face cream up to a concentration of 0.2%;

□ As a cosmetic preservative in hair lotion up to a concentration of 0.2%;

□ As a cosmetic preservative in foot care up to a concentration of 0.2%;

□ As a cosmetic preservative in rinse-off shampoo up to a concentration of 0.5%;

□ As an anti-dandruff agent in rinse-off shampoo up to a concentration of 2.0%.

- The SCCS considers the specified concentrations when used as preservative, for the individual cosmetic products as well as for their combinations under aggregate exposure scenario as safe
- When Climbazole is used as an anti-dandruff agent up to 2%, the 4-cosmetic products combination (with hair lotion, face cream and foot care) is also considered as safe
- The SCCS therefore considers that the use of climbazole up to a concentration of 2% in shampoos is safe for the consumer, either as anti-dandruff agent or as a preservative agent in combination with other uses and <u>at concentrations as listed above</u>.

(2) If not, what is according to the SCCS, the maximum concentration considered safe for use of Climbazole (CAS 38083-17-9) as a cosmetic preservative respectively in face cream, hair lotion, foot care and rinse-off shampoo as well as anti-dandruff agent in rinse-off shampoo under an aggregate exposure scenario for cosmetics?

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4. MINORITY OPINION

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