



European Structural and Investment Funds 2014-2020

Health inequalities and housing

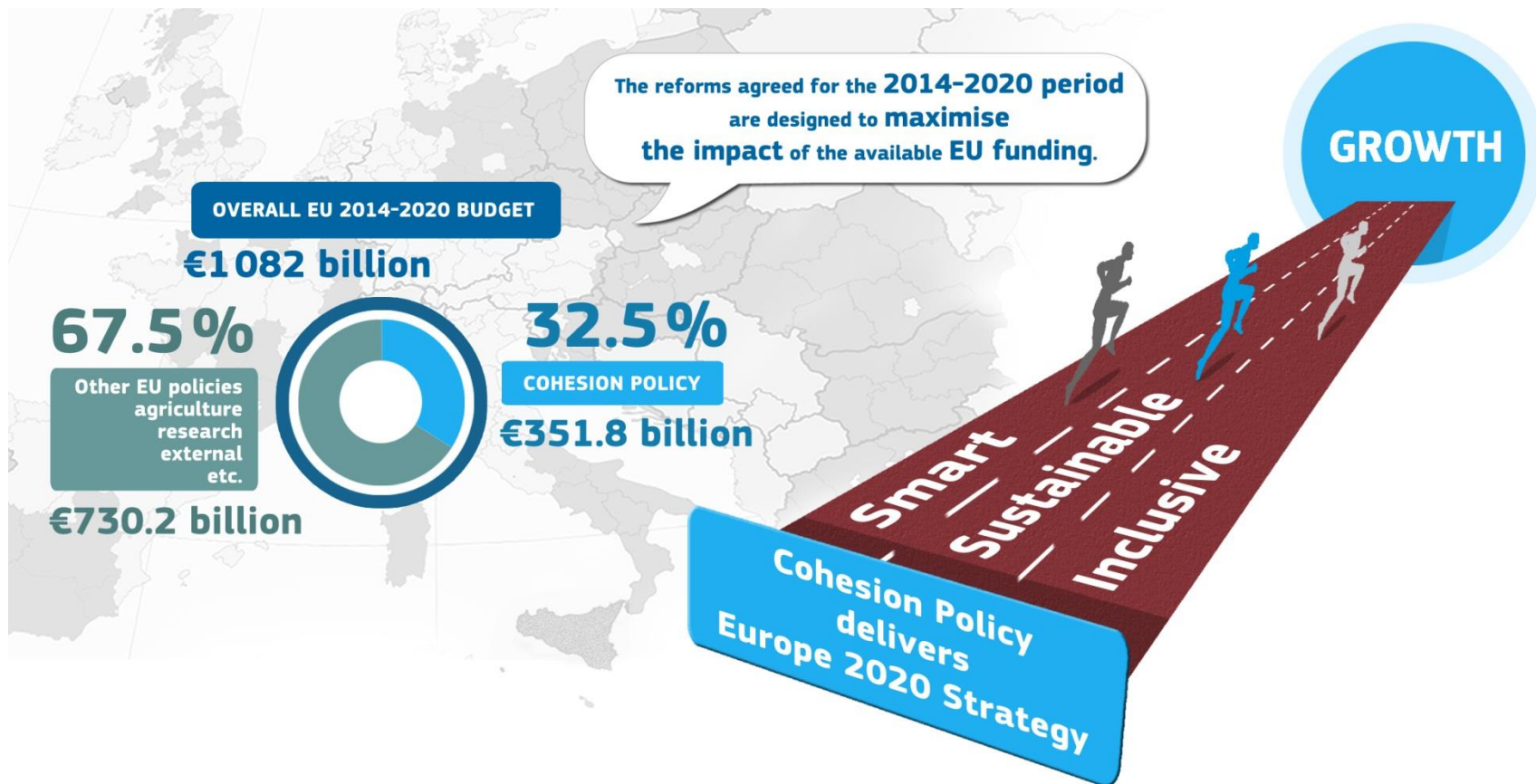
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European
Commission

EU Cohesion Policy 2014-2020: 1/3 of the EU budget





European Commission

Cohesion Policy 2014-2022 (eligibility simulation)

GDP/capita* ■ < 75% of EU average ■ 75-90% ■ > 90%

*index EU27=100

€ 351,8 billion for 7 years:

3 categories of regions

■ Less developed regions

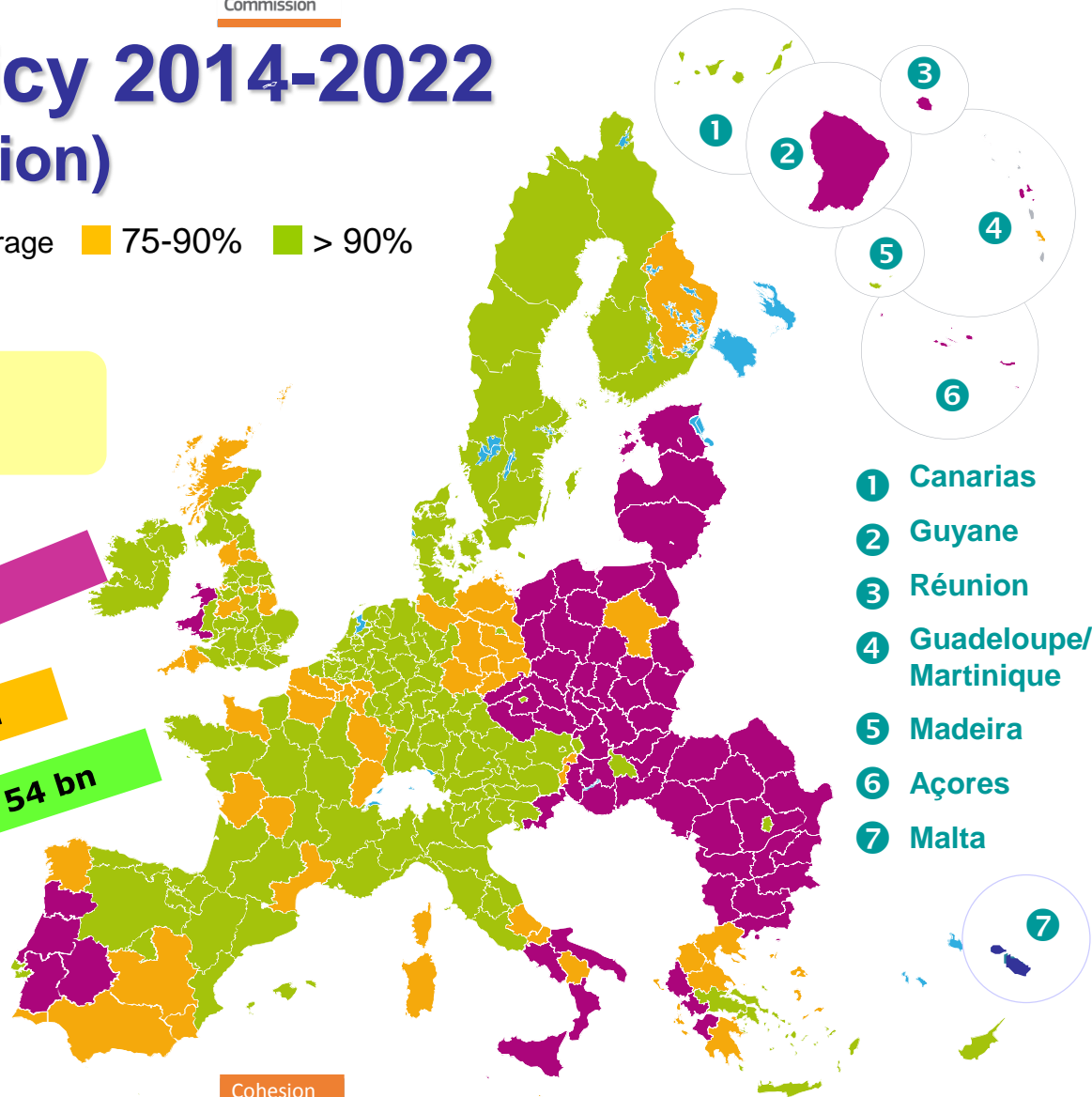
■ Transition regions

■ More developed regions

€ 182 bn

€ 35 bn

€ 54 bn



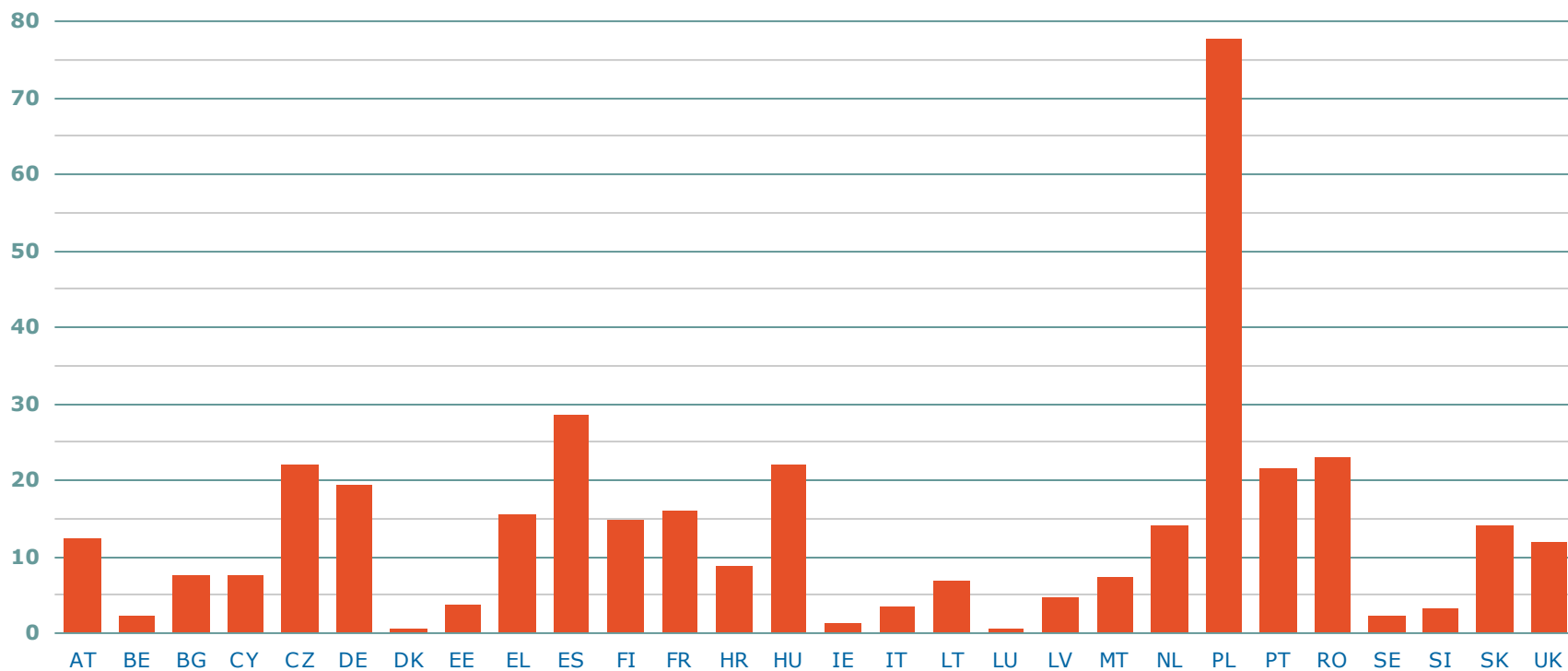
- 1 Canarias
- 2 Guyane
- 3 Réunion
- 4 Guadeloupe/ Martinique
- 5 Madeira
- 6 Açores
- 7 Malta

Regional GDP figures: 2006-07-08
GNI figures: 2007-08-09

© EuroGeographics Association for the administrative boundaries

Budget allocations per Member State (2014-2020)

Total EU allocations of cohesion policy 2014-2020* (billion €, current prices)



* breakdown by category of allocations subject to transfers between categories at the request of the Member States

European Structural and Investment Funds 2014-2020

Some Key Features

- **Contributing to Europe 2020 strategy and objectives for smart sustainable and inclusive growth**
- **Concentration**
- **Integrated approach**
- **Ex-ante conditionality for effectiveness**
- **Result orientation**
- **Alignment with Country Specific recommendations**

Relevant Ex-ante conditionalities

Thematic conditionality for Social inclusion, combating poverty and discrimination

- **National strategic policy framework for poverty reduction**
 - ... depending on the identified needs, includes measures for the shift from institutional to community based care.
- **National or regional strategic policy health policy for health**
 - Measures to improve access to health services
 - Measures to stimulate efficiency in the health sector, through deployment of service delivery models and infrastructure

General ex-ante conditionality

• **Anti-discrimination**

Administrative capacity for the implementation and application of EU antidiscrimination law and policy in the field of ESI Funds

• **Diability**

Administrative capacity for the implementation of UN CPRD

Programming period 2014-2020

- **Territorial approach**
 - Slovakia (Roma Atlas)
 - Hungary (micro-regions)
- **Urban approach**
 - Bulgaria – deprived neighbourhoods
 - France – deprived neighbourhoods
- **Education - early childhood services**
 - Slovakia, Hungary, Romania, Bulgaria, etc
- **Housing**
 - Slovakia, Hungary, Romania, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, France, etc.

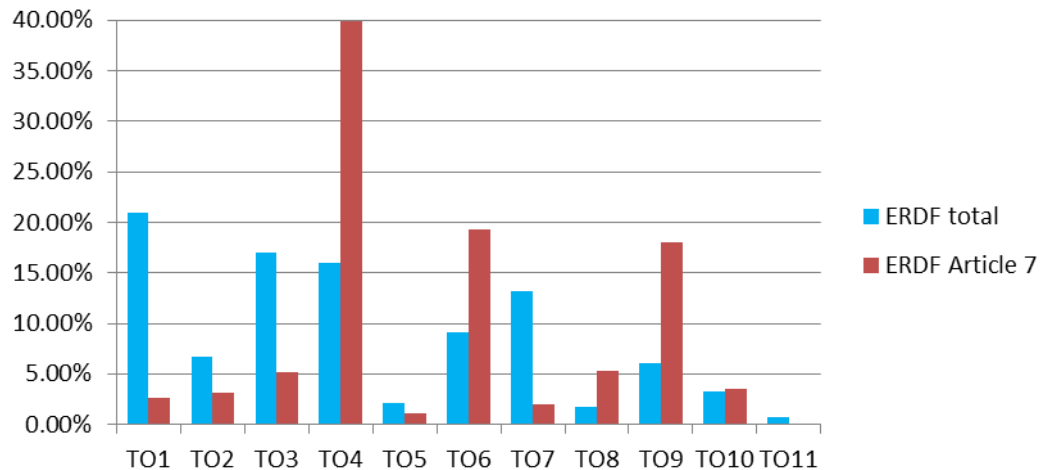
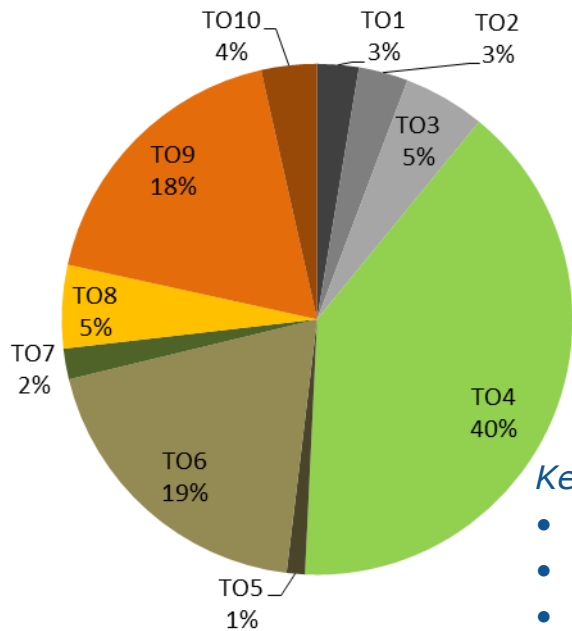
ERDF support for housing infrastructure

- 2 thematic areas: social inclusion and energy efficiency
- Housing infrastructure measures should be aligned with the operational programmes objectives
- 1.4 billion EUR has been allocated to housing by Member States (PL, HU, IT, ES, PT)
- Integrated approach in place – close link to education, employment, health and other areas
- Actions should contribute to desegregation of marginalised communities, such as Roma, migrants, homeless, disabled (specific guidance issued by the Commission)

Sustainable urban development (Art. 7 ERDF regulation)

- Sustainable urban development strategies as a prerequisite for urban development – to be submitted to the managing authorities
- 5% of ERDF should be allocated to sustainable urban development
- Economic, environmental, climate, demographic and social challenges should be addressed by the strategies and ERDF actions
- Local authorities are responsible for the implementation, such as opening call for proposals, etc.
- 15 billion EUR will be used by local authorities under Art.7 (100 billion EUR the total budget used by cities)

Thematic focus-urban development strategies (ERDF funding)

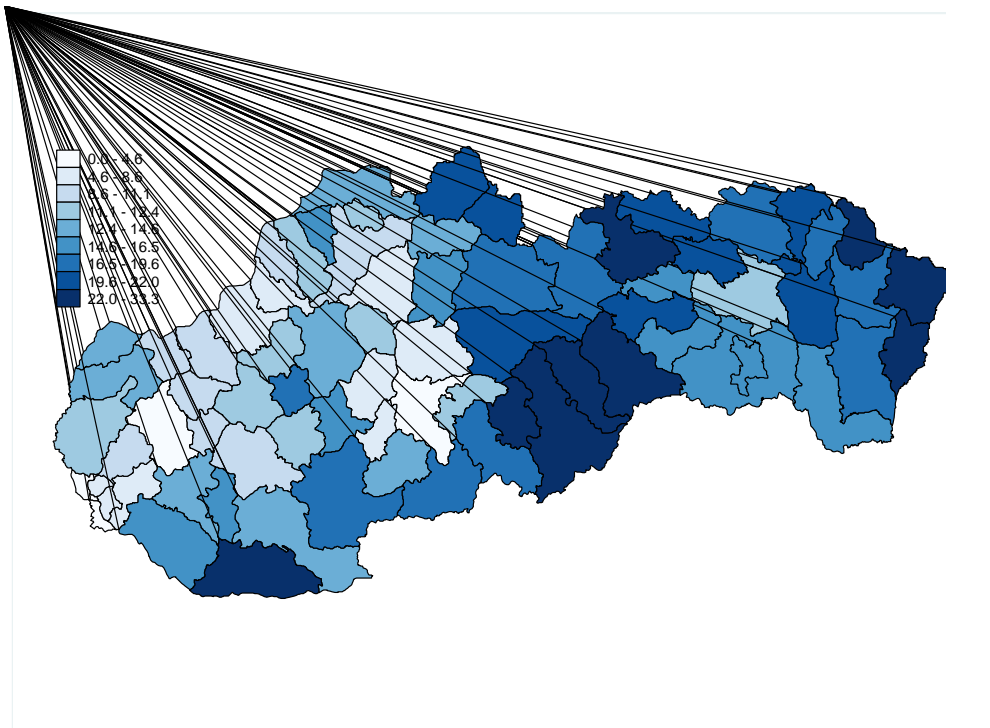


Key areas of funding

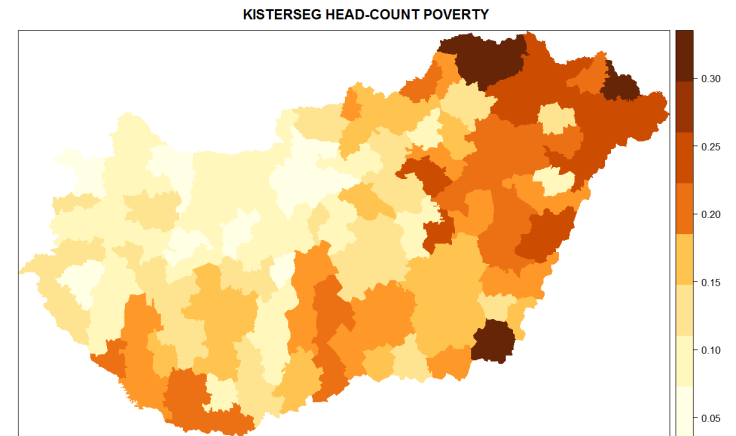
- *Low carbon economy (Energy efficiency, sustainable urban mobility)*
- *Environment (regeneration of brownfields, green spaces)*
- *Social inclusion (physical and social regeneration of deprived urban areas)*

Poverty maps

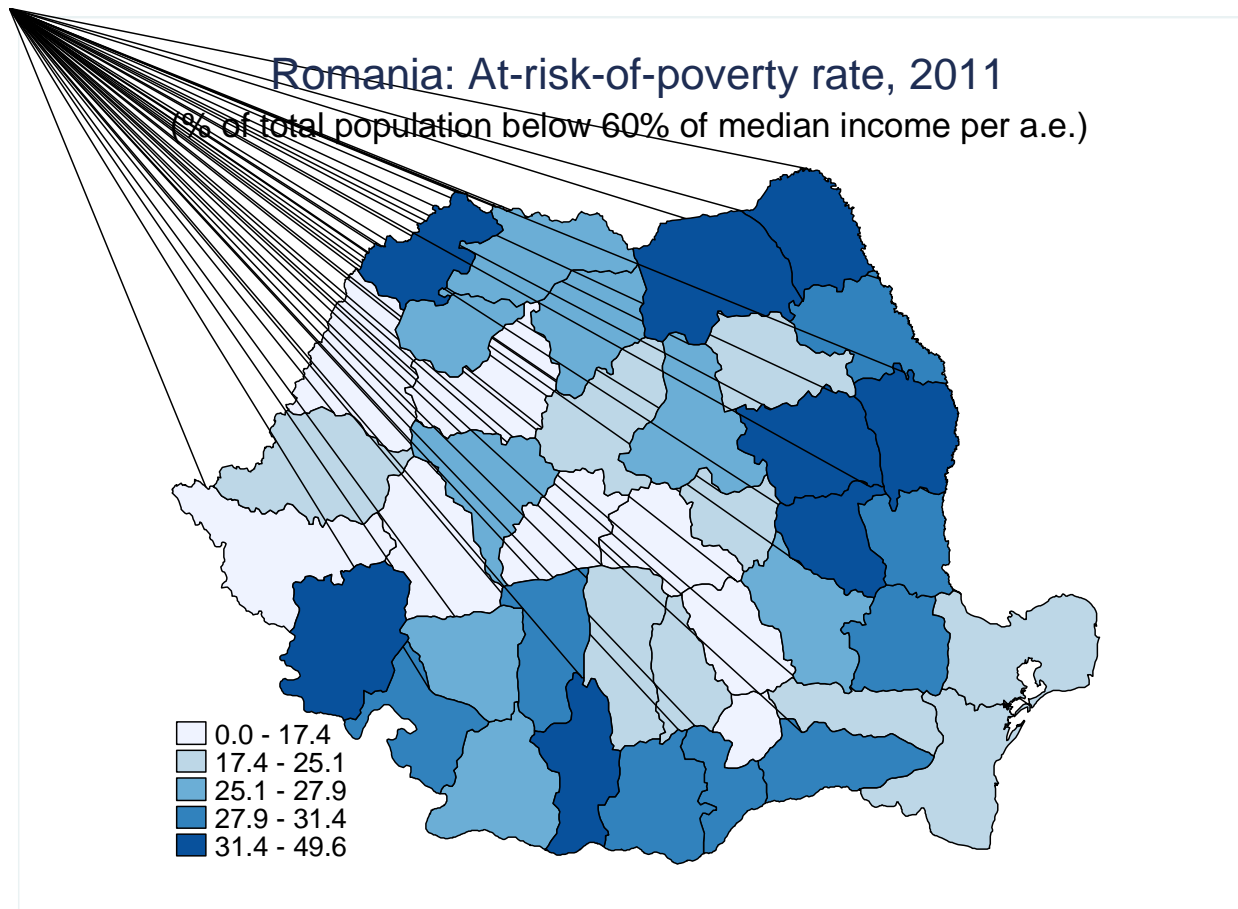
Slovakia



Hungary



Poverty maps



Urban Agenda for the EU

- 7/10 Juncker priorities have urban dimension
- It is mostly cities who deliver on-the-ground
 - ⇒ We need to work more with cities
 - ⇒ We need to work more on urban matters
 - ⇒ We need to ask more from cities (delivery)
- UA is the '*chapeau*' of all EU urban policies
- MS, cities, EP, CoR, EESC support the UA

Urban Agenda for the EU

Instrument to:

- **Work more on urban matters**
- **Work more with cities**
- **Ask more from cities**

Objective to have:

- **Better Legislation (EU, national, cities)**
- **Better Funding (EU, national, cities)**
- **Better Knowledge (EU, national, cities)**

Concrete actions in an Action Plan – first draft by June 2017

Urban Agenda for the EU

- Pact of Amsterdam + Council conclusions
 - = Commitment
 - = Definition of the scope (12 topics)
 - = Methodology to have results
- Concrete actions on 12 topics (Action Plans)
 - + 4 topics as start (Air quality, Urban poverty, Inclusion of migrants and refugees, Housing)
 - + 4 more partnerships (Jobs and Skills, Urban mobility, Digital transition, Circular Economy)



Thank you for your attention!