



Overview of Commitments in the areas of 'Marketing and Advertising' and 'Advocacy and information exchange'

Platform Plenary meeting, 7<sup>rd</sup> April 2016

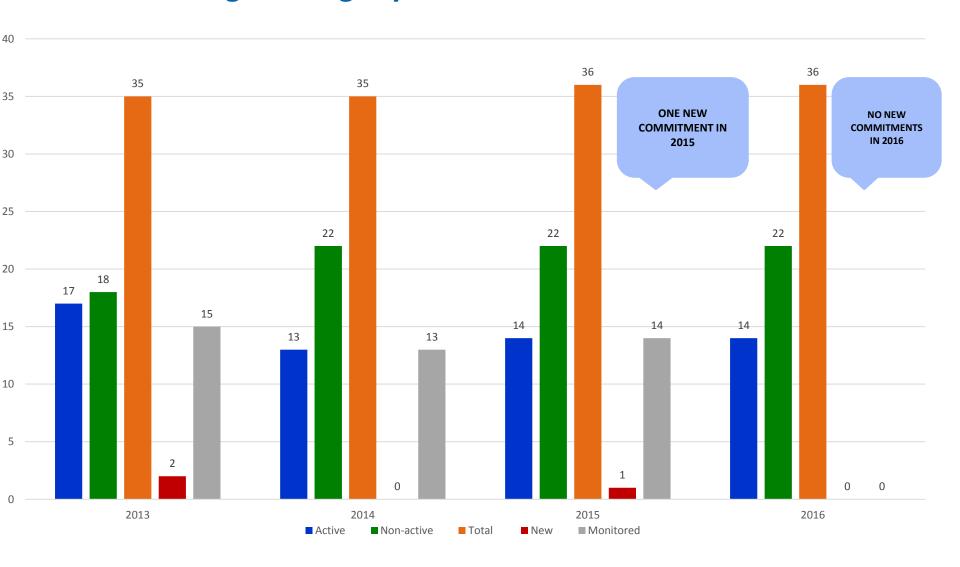
**ICF Study team** 

# This session provides information on 2014 reporting, and has three objectives

- To provide an overview of the current situation regarding 'Marketing and Advertising' and 'Advocacy and information exchange' commitments
- 2. To inform a discussion amongst Platform members on activities in this area:
  - Exchange on conclusions and recommendations
  - Identify areas for improvement & new commitments
- Present next steps for monitoring and evaluating the work of the Platform

# 1. Overview of Commitments in the area of 'Marketing and Advertising'

# The total number of active commitments in the area of 'Marketing and Advertising' has slightly decreased since 2013



#### Progress of active commitments in this field has slowed down

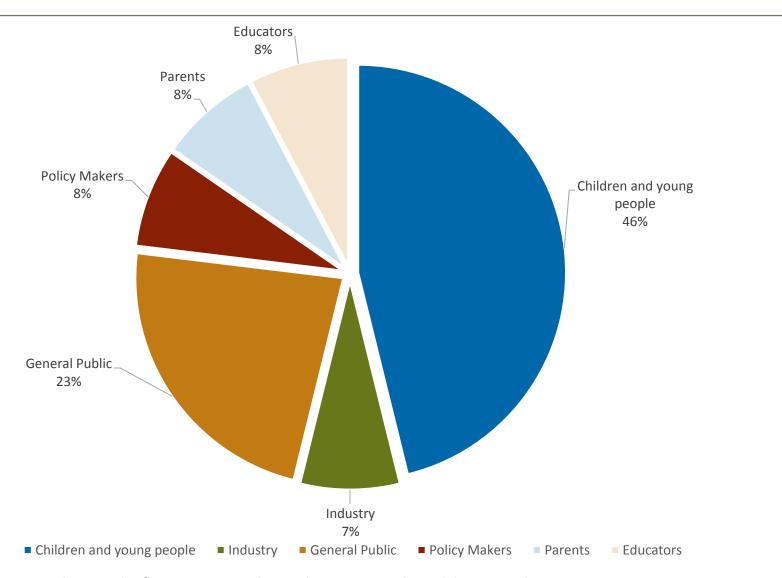
- The total number of active commitments on this topic has slightly decreased since 2013 (from 17 active commitments in 2013 to 14 in 2016)
- There were 2 new commitments in 2013, 0 in 2014, 1 in 2015 and 0 in 2016: this demonstrates a slow-down in commitments
- Marketing and Advertising commitments constitute 12% of all Platform commitments (297) and 13% of all active commitments (105)

### Active commitments in 2016 are implemented by industry and associations

Platform member	Number of commitments
FoodDrinkEurope	10
Family Association (COFACE)	1
World Obesity Federation (WOF)	1
World Federation of Advertisers (WFA)	2
Tota	ıl 14

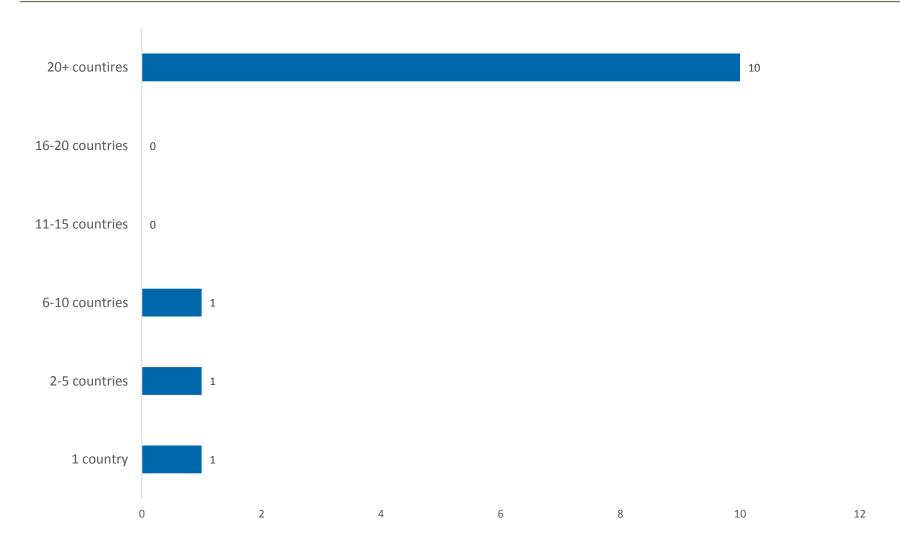
Assessment of the 2014 monitoring and reporting reports suggests that 'children and young people' is the largest target group, followed by 'general





Source: Monitoring the EU Platform on Diet, Physical Activity and Health- Annual Report 2015

# Most of the monitored commitments involved 20+ countries, showing broad geographical scope

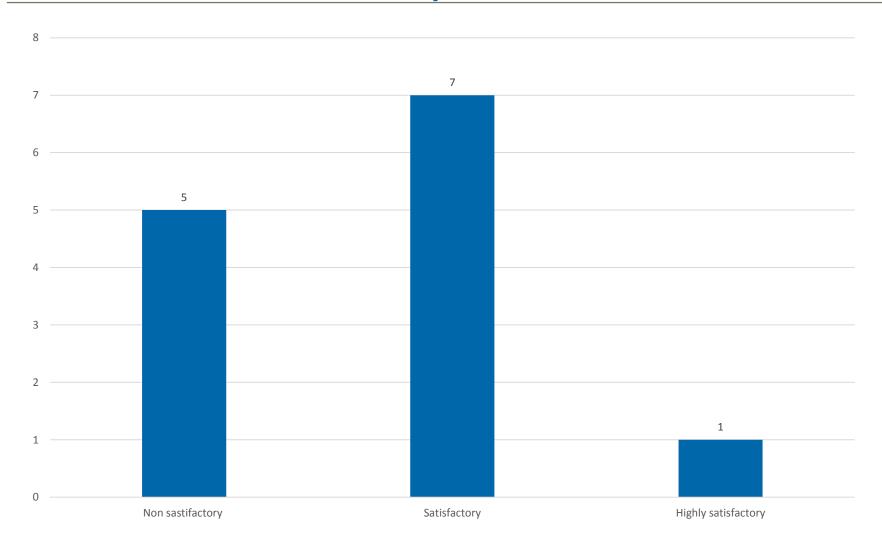


Source: Monitoring the EU Platform on Diet, Physical Activity and Health- Annual Report 2015

### Of the 2014 monitored actions, not all commitments provided financial and in-kind contribution information

- Of the 13 commitments being evaluated, seven did not provide financial information of the actions
- € 1,322 million were reported as being committed in 2014 (between € 1,150 to € 1,000,000 each)
- Six of the 13 commitments did not provide information on human resources (number of employees working on the actions);
- For the remaining seven commitments the number of full time employees ranged from 1 to 116
- Regarding the hours spent, 4 commitments did not provide information on this; the remaining 9 the annual number of hours ranged from 30 to 9,405.

# In this activity area, the overall assessment of monitoring reports was deemed as 'non-satisfactory'



Source: Monitoring the EU Platform on Diet, Physical Activity and Health- Annual Report 2015

Commitments evaluated as 'non satisfactory' lacked information and detail – whereas the remaining commitments provided varying levels of reporting (2014 monitoring)

- The commitments evaluated as unsatisfactory, in general:
  - Did not provide S.M.A.R.T objectives, in particular they were nonmeasurable and not time-bound
  - Lacked information in relation to all or most of the indicators (inputs, outputs outcomes)
  - Most of the commitments were considered satisfactory or highly satisfactory, since the objectives were deemed to be fully/mostly S.M.A.R.T and provided clear information on inputs and outputs.

## Conclusions from the 2014 assessment on the commitments in the area of Marketing and Advertising

- Of the 2014 commitments, only 2 actions had 'fully' SMART objectives; 5
  actions had 'mostly' SMART objectives, 6 actions 'partially'.
- The most common issue for the partially or mostly SMART objectives was that they were too broad, lacked measurable information and were not time-bound.
- One commitment reported setting out to reduce health inequalities: it focused on minority ethnic groups, children in lower-income and lowereducated families.

### Conclusions from the 2014 assessment on the commitments in the area of Marketing and Advertising

- Only 2 actions of the commitments showed evidence of need and likely effectiveness, while 7 actions only showed evidence of need
- Regarding the implementation and results, 7 actions indicated that the actions had been fully implemented
- Some synergies were identified between different commitments (e.g. between the EU Pledge and the international code proposed by FoodDrinkEurope and ICC)

#### **General Recommendations for future reporting and commitments**

- There is an ongoing need of measurable information, in order to evaluate the SMARTness of the objectives
- Having SMART objectives in place makes sense as it is a business approach. It
  does not only make your monitoring and reporting easier, it also enables us to
  better assess your annual progress and assess the overall impact of the
  Platform.
- All commitments should include information both on human and financial resources (information on inputs)
- The information on outputs should be related to the objectives, and clarity is needed on outcomes and impacts
- Information regarding dissemination of results was missing for these commitments; this aspect is very important to achieve the objectives of the Platform

#### **Recommendations on improving relevance of commitments**

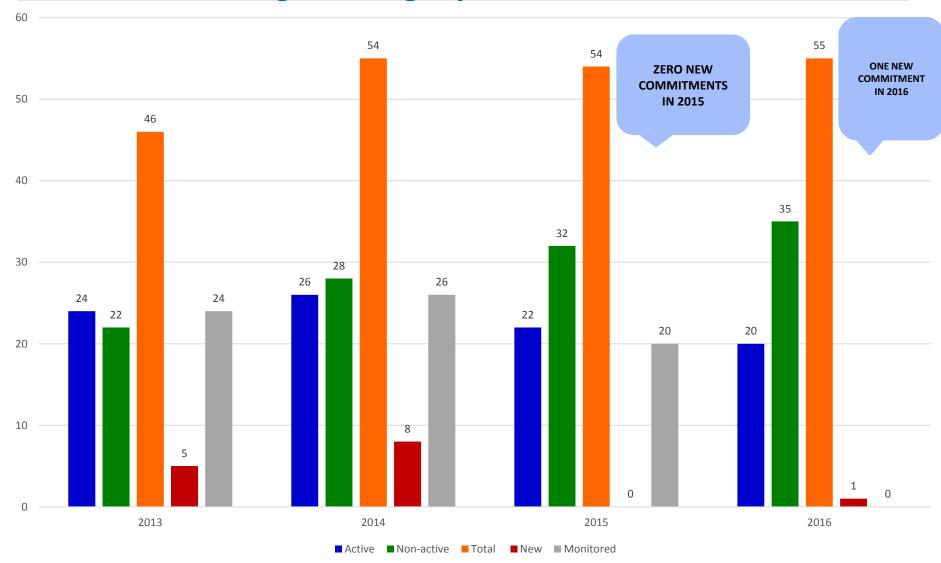
- No information was provided on the additionality of the actions; therefore it
  was not possible to evaluate if the actions would have taken place had the
  commitment not been submitted under the remit of the Platform
- Eight commitments demonstrated EU-added value; however 5 did not provide information in this area; more information would be needed on this
- As Marketing and Advertising is one of the priorities of the Platform, more new commitments addressing 'children' as priority group and covering all 28
   Member States would be welcomed
- New actions supporting the Action Plan on Childhood obesity are welcomed

### Questions and recommendations for future commitments in this field

- Numerous commitments pointed towards one overarching programme (EU Pledge)- could a joint commitment be explored and more members sign up to the programme? How could it be improved and enlarged?
- Seven commitments are due to end by 2017, no follow on actions are mentioned: Members should reflect about the continuation of relevant commitments and ensure that there is a strong alignment to relevant EU policy objectives
- Given the lack of new commitments in this area, the Platform could discuss possible new commitments for the next reporting

# 2. Overview of Commitments in the area of Advocacy and Information Exchange

# The number of active commitments in the area of 'Advocacy and Information Exchange' has slightly decreased since 2013



#### Progress in this activity area has therefore slowed down - 1/2

- The total number of active commitments has decreased since 2013 (from 24 active commitments in 2013 to 20 in 2016)
- There were 5 new commitments in 2013, 8 in 2014, 0 in 2015 and 1 in 2016 (4 more new commitments were submitted, but they are not published yet)
- The new commitments are still being discussed by the Platform's Advisory Committee
- Advocacy and Information exchange commitments constitute 19% of all Platform commitments (active and non-active) and 19% of all active commitments
- There is 1 joint commitment within this activity type undertaken by EASO & EUFIC: Action 1312 – "Increase outreach of new knowledge in obesity research".

#### Progress in this activity area has therefore slowed down - 2/2

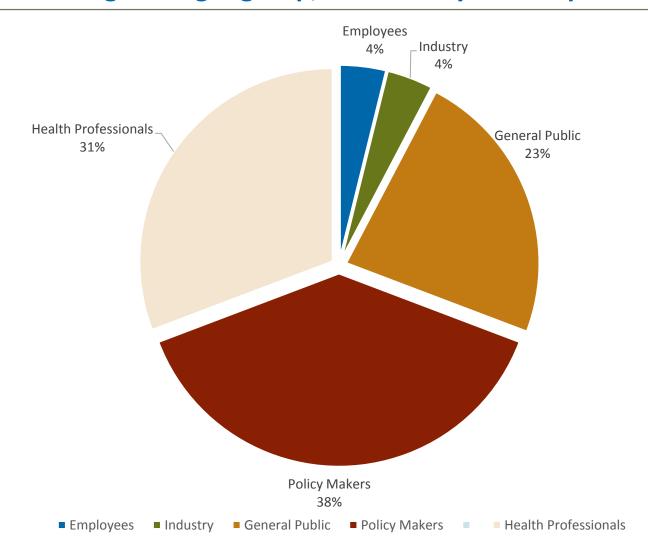
 Three commitments were completed at the end of 2015- no follow up action foreseen

Member's name	Action N.	Title of action	Activity type	Duration
Standing Committee of European Doctors	1509	Mobilising the medical profession: the 'Health Village' Toolbox II	Advocacy	2013 / 2015
European Public Health Alliance	1043	Dissemination of information on European food, nutrition and physical activity policy developments with EPHA's member organisations	Advocacy	2008 / 2015
European Public Health Alliance	1602	EU Platform for Action on Diet, Physical Activity and Health - analysis of the industry's commitments against public health objectives	Advocacy	2014 / 2015

### Active commitments in 2016 are implemented by industry, associations and NGOs

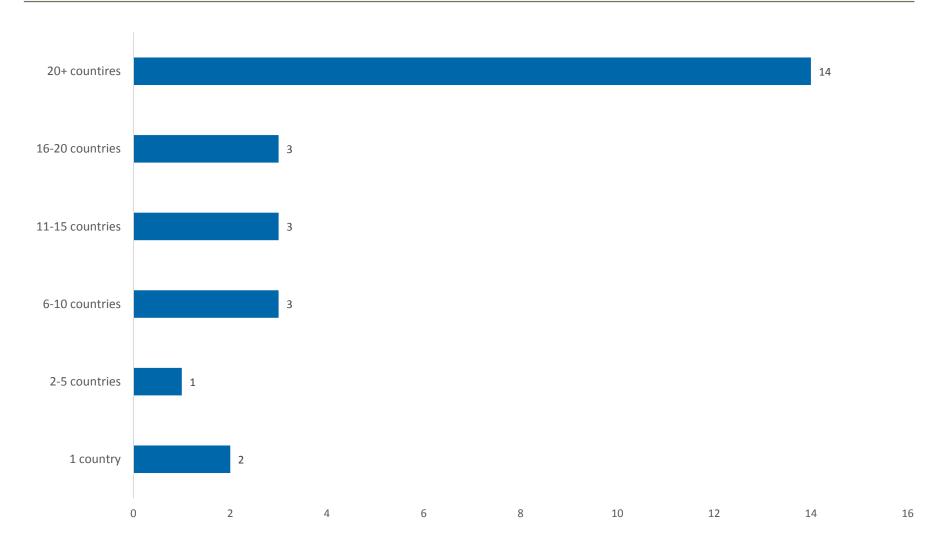
Platform member	Number of commitments
Association of Commercial Television	1
Fruit Vegetable and Horticultural European Regions Assembly	1
The European Consumers' Organisation	1
Copa-Cogeca	2
European Association for the Study of Obesity	2
European Food Information Council/European Association for the Study of Obesity	1 (joint)
Association of European Cancer Leagues	1
European Heart Network	1
EuroCoop	1
EuroHealthNet	1
FoodDrinkEurope	1
Freshfel	2
International Baby Food Action Network	1
IDF Europan Region	2
International Association for the Study of Obesity_International Obesity Task Force	1
Standing Committee of European Doctors	1
Total	20

### Assessment of the 2014 monitoring and reporting suggests that 'policy makers' is the largest target group, followed by 'health professionals'



Source: Monitoring the EU Platform on Diet, Physical Activity and Health- Annual Report 2015

# Most of the monitored commitments involved 20+ countries, highlighting broad out reach

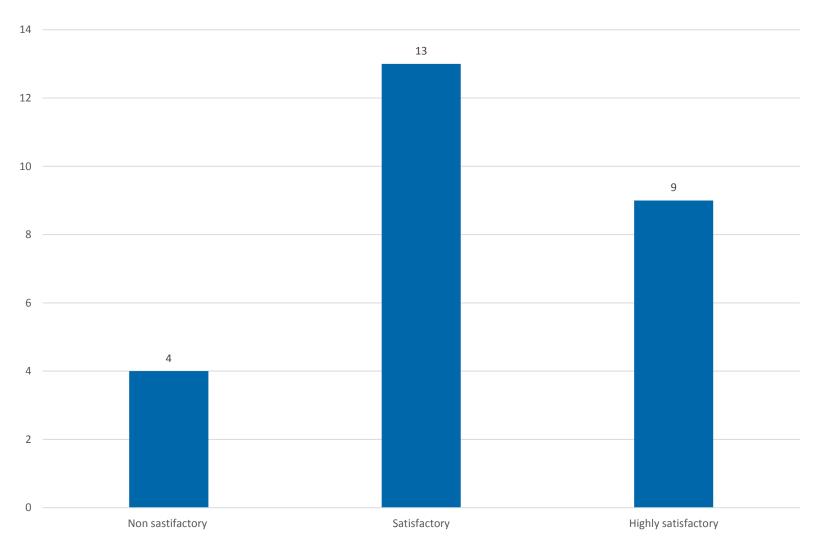


Source: Monitoring the EU Platform on Diet, Physical Activity and Health- Annual Report 2015

### Of the 2014 monitored actions, the majority did not provide financial and in-kind contribution information

- Of the 26 commitments being evaluated, 19 did not provide financial information of the actions
- € 655,100 were reported as being committed in 2014 (between € 6,066 to € 456,000 each)
- 17 of the 26 commitments did not provide information on human resources, or the information was not clear;
- There was no information regarding the time spent on the actions in 11 reports; for the remaining ones the annual number of hours spent ranged from 16 to 9,336.

# In this activity area, the overall assessment of monitoring reports was deemed 'satisfactory', with numerous "highly satisfactory"



Source: Monitoring the EU Platform on Diet, Physical Activity and Health- Annual Report 2015

## Conclusions in this activity area relate to improving levels of detail provided

- In general the objectives were deemed to be mostly S.M.A.R.T and the information on inputs and outputs was well detailed
- However, of the 2014 commitments, only 6 actions had 'fully' SMART objectives; 8 actions had 'mostly' SMART objectives, 7 actions 'partially'. There were 5 actions that did not have SMART objectives at all.
- In many cases the objectives were too broad to enable monitoring: they were not measurable nor time-bound
- 4 actions of the commitments reported setting out to reduce health inequalities: these commitments focused on low-income families and the most deprived groups.

### The remaining conclusions show mixed results in other assessment areas

- 10 out of 26 actions showed evidence of need and likely effectiveness; the same number committed to generate evidence
- 9 actions indicated that the actions had been fully implemented, 5 actions were mostly implemented and 10 actions were partially implemented
- 16 actions demonstrated EU-added value (8 fully, five mostly and three partially)

#### **General Recommendations for reporting and commitments**

- There is a clear need of specific and measurable objectives, in order to evaluate their SMARTness
- All commitments should include information both on human and financial resources (information on inputs)
- In 38% (10 actions) of commitments no information was provided on the additionality of the actions; more information should be given on this

### Questions and recommendations for future commitments in this field

- Four monitoring reports suggested additional actions; one of them stated that an additional commitment would follow; two suggested that the commitment should be used by public authorities in the near future Members should reflect here about sustainability of ongoing actions
- Synergies could be created between different actors, in order to increase the outcomes, in particular in this activity area and between types of stakeholders.

#### Next steps for monitoring and evaluating the work of the Platform

- ICF is currently working on the 2016 Annual Report: assessing the 2015 monitoring reports received and analysing results
- The results of the evaluation will be presented at the next Plenary meeting and shared with you in advance of the meeting
- For the first time, a comparison will be made between 2014 and 2015 reporting results
- ICF will contact all Platform members to discuss the findings of its assessment (individual feedback forms) and will report back to the Commission

#### Thank you for your attention

