## Germany - More stringent blood donor testing requirements 2015 Mapping exercise

Colour key	
	Minimum requirements as set out in the 2004/33/EC Directive
	More stringent testing - legally binding on national level
	More stringent testing - recommended on national level
	Not legally binding and not recommended on national level

Test	Test/ technique	Legally binding	Recommendation on national level	Recommending authority/ service/ association	Type of blood donation (blood for transfection or		Regional differences	Further comments
					plasma for fractionantion)	profile		
Basic testing								
	AB0 typing	YES	NO	N/A	whole blood/ blood components for	first and second donation	NO	
	RhD typing	YES	NO	N/A	transfusion whole blood/ blood components for transfusion	first and second donation	NO	specific requirement for weak RhD testing
	Other, please specify (C, c, E, e, Kell)	YES	NO	N/A	whole blood/ blood components for transfusion	first and second donation	NO	
HLA testing								
Disease testing								
VIRAL								
HIV 1 and HIV 2	Anti-HIV 1 Anti-HIV 2 HIV 1p24	YES YES	NO NO	N/A N/A	both both	all donations all donations	NO	HIV-NAT: dual-target NAT for whole blood / blood components for transfusion Mandatory for routine screening: HIV-1 NAT (10.000mIU/ml) and HCV-
	HIV NAT pool or ID	YES	NO	N/A	whole blood/ blood components for transfusion	all donations		
	HIV NAT ID							NAT (5.000 IU/ml)
	Other technique							
Hepatitis B	HBs Ag	YES	NO	N/A	both	all donations	NO	Not mandatory, but used
	Anti-HBc	YES	NO	N/A	whole blood/ blood components for transfusion	all donations; in case of the constellation blood donor with repeatedly reactive anti-HBs, anti-HBs, anti-HBs-antibody ≥ 100 IU/L, HBV-genome analysis by NAT (sensitivity at least 12 IU/ml) negative blood donation is considered to be possible under the precondition of testing of anti-HBs in intervals of 2 years. If anti-HBs-antibody < 100		for routine screening by many blood establishments, mainly those who also deliver plasma for fractionation: HBV-NAT, HAV-NAT, Parvovirus B19 NAT
	HBV NAT pool or ID	NO	YES	BAnz. 13.06.2006, Nr. 109, pp 4370),	both	see comment Anti-		
				Votum 31 AK Blut, http://www.rki.de/DE/Content/Kommissi onen/AK_Blut/Voten/Uebersicht/V_31/V 31_HBc.pdf?blob=publicationFile		HBc // Circumstances for application/ donor profile: travel history, residence, medical history, age, seasonal requirements etc.		
	HBV NAT ID							
Hepatitis C	Other technique Anti-HCV	YES	NO	N/A	both	all donations	NO	Mandatory for routine
.,	HCV NAT pool or ID  HCV NAT ID	YES	NO	N/A	whole blood/ blood components for transfusion	all donations		screening: HIV-1 NAT (10.000mIU/mI) and HCV- NAT (5.000 IU/mI)
	Other technique							
Hepatitis E Hepatitis A								Not mandatory, but used for routine screening by many blood establishments, mainly those who also deliver plasma for fractionation: HBV-NAT, HAV-NAT, Parvovirus B19 NAT
HTLV-1								
HTLV-2								
Ebola Virus Chikungunya virus								
Cytomegalovirus								
West Nile Virus*								
Dengue Virus Epstein-Barr virus								
Human Parvovirus B19								Not mandatory, but used for routine screening by many blood establishments, mainly those who also deliver plasma for fractionation: HBV-NAT, HAV-NAT, Parvovirus B19 NAT
Herpes simplex virus								

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Test	Test/ technique		Recommendation on national level	Recommending authority/ service/ association	Type of blood donation (blood for transfection or plasma for fractionantion)		Regional differences	Further comments
Nonspecific viral infection								
Other pathogen, specify								
PARASITIC								
Malaria								
Trypanosomiasis								
Babesiosis								
Leishmaniasis								
Toxoplasmosis								
Other pathogen,								
specify								
BACTERIAL								
Treponema	Technique not						NO	
pallidum (Syphilis)	specified							
	Microscopy							
	Anti-T. pallidum	YES	NO	N/A	whole blood/ blood components for	all donations		
					transfusion			
	T. pallidum NAT pool							
	or ID							
	T. pallidum NAT ID							
	Culture							
	Other technique							
Neisseria								
Brucellosis Tuberculosis								
Q-fever								
Other pathogen, specify								
FUNGI								
specify pathogen								

<sup>\*</sup> For West Nile Virus NAT ID, see 2004/33/EC as amended by 2014/110/EU with a deadline for transposition into national law of December 31, 2015