

Update from DG Employment, Social Affairs and Inclusion

Social Protection Unit

EGHI Meeting
Luxembourg, 19 May 2015



European Semester 2015



Annual Growth Survey 2015

- ☐ The 2015 Annual Growth Survey:
 - underlines the necessity of simplified and better targeted social policies complemented among others by accessible health care;
 - recognises that EU needs a **skilled health care** workforce;
 - □ stresses that healthcare systems need to be reformed in order to provide quality health care through efficient structures, including eHealth;
 - □ acknowledges that **digital services** in the frame of a Digital Single Market **can contribute to better health**.



European Semester 2015

- ☐ The 2015 Country-Specific Recommendations are **more focused and streamlined**:
 - □ Only key priority issues of macro-economic relevance
 - ☐ Reflect the degree of macroeconomic imbalances
 - ☐ Actions to be taken within 12-18 months



Reduced number of proposed country-specific recommendations



Country-specific recommendations are shorter and expressed in more generic terms



Health and Long Term Care in the European Semester 2015

- □ **Health CSRs** moved down from 16 in 2014 to **11** in 2015: BG, CZ, ES, FI, HR, IE, LT, LV, RO, SI, SK.
- □ LTC CSRs decreased from 8 to 2: AT (related to female employment), SI (combined with health care).
- ☐ The following CSRs were **dropped**:
 - ☐ Health: FR, MT, PL, PT, AT, DE
 - □LTC: AT, DE, LU, NL, IT, BG
- □ A **new health CSR** is proposed for **LT** (mentioning the performance of the healthcare system in relation to the shrinking working-age population).



Update on JAF Health



JAF Health Quality Review in 2014

- □ Peer Review on HSPA hosted by Belgium (May 2014)
- □ JAF Health Expert Meeting (June 2014)
- ☐ Presentations at other fora:
 - ☐ Expert Group on Health Information
 - ☐ Expert Meeting on Health Inequalities
 - ☐ Eurostat Working Group on Public Health Statistics



- Transparency and new ideas for future development of the JAF Health;
- Positioned SPC/ISG as a player in the area of health.



Statistical developments

- □ JAF Health a useful framework to guide data collection
- □ Eurostat developments can in the mid-term address:
 - □ Timeliness of health data
 - □ Sustainability of data collection and indicator development
 - □ Closing the data gaps in coverage

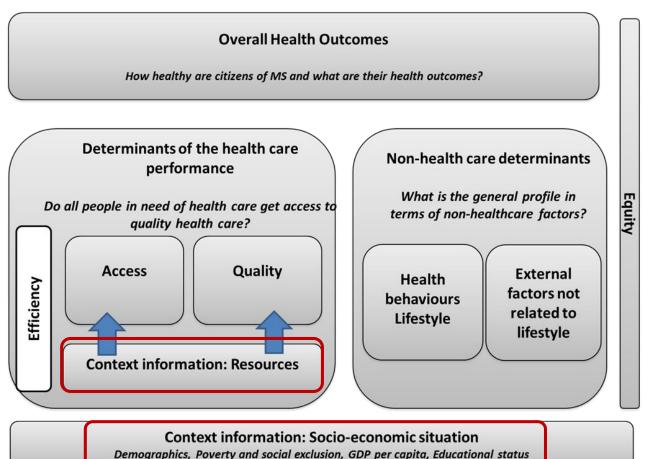


JAF Health: 2014 update

- □ Update of the document agreed in November 2013
- ☐ Main changes include:
 - □ Clearer explanation of the use of the JAF methodology;
 - □ Updated tables for the proposed indicators for each dimension with information on data availability;
 - □ Updated illustrative chart outputs;
 - □ All proposed indicators presented as a short list in Annex 1.



JAF Health Framework: improved reference to context information





Updated tables: what is new?

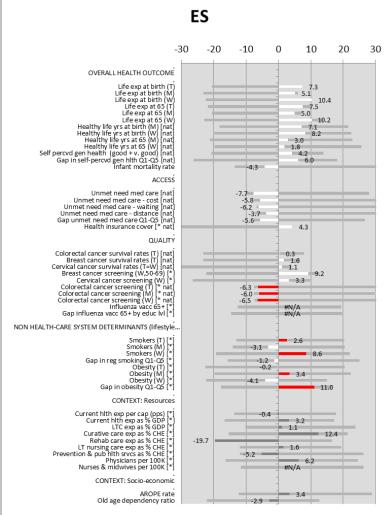
Code	Indicator	EU/NAT	Definition	Data source	Comments	EU data availability	Year (currently available)	Year (next update)
H-1	Life expectancy at birth and 65 (total population, women, men)	EU	Mean number of years that a newborn child (or that of a specific age) can expect to live if subjected throughout his life to the current mortality conditions (age specific probabilities of dying).	Eurostat (Demographic data)	OMC HC-P4a, ECHI 10 Annual data, full coverage.	28 MS	2012	2013 data available in early 2015
A-1	Self-reported unmet need for medical care (total by reason: cost, waiting time, distance)	NAT	Total self-reported unmet need for medical examination for the following three reasons: financial barriers, waiting times, too far to travel.	Eurostat (FU-SILC)	OMC HC-P1, ECHI 80 - annual data, full coverage; - to be possibly complemented with information on care utilisation - possibilities include hospital discharges (ECHI 71 and 71) and/or out-patient medical care (ECHI 72 and 72), data available from administrative sources but also based on the proposed EU-SILC ad hoc module variables on care utilisation.	28 MS	2012	2013 data available in early 2015
Q-4	Breast cancer screening (women)	EU	Proportion of women (aged 50-69) reporting to have undergone a breast cancer screening test within the past two years.	Eurostat (Joint questionnaire with OECD/WHO)	OMC HC-S5, ECHI 58 - annual data; missing countries: BE, BG, GR, ES, AT, MT, PL, PT, RO, SK, SE, DE; - alternatively EHIS can be used: every 5 years, current data from 2008 available for 17 MS. Next data available in 2016 for year 2012 and 28 MS.	16 MS	2012	2012 data available in 2014



Updated charts: an example

Only proposed indicators selected from the EU social indicators portfolio are included in the output charts







Annex 1: an extract from the short list

Code	ISG classification: EU/NAT/for development	Indicator
		Access
A-1	NAT	Self-reported unmet need for medical care (total by reason:
		cost, waiting time, distance)
A-2	NAT	Self-reported unmet need for medical care - income quintile
		gap (q1/q5 by reason: cost, waiting time, distance)
A-3	NAT	Share of population covered by health insurance
A-4	for development	Financial burden of out-of-pocket payment for health care
A-5	for development	Care utilisation (total, by SES)
A-6	for development	Household out-of-pocket payment for health care



JAF Health in 2015

- ☐ Further develop JAF Health: work on indicators
- ☐ Test the analytical capacity of the JAF health tool
- ☐ Continuous guidance for data collection and indicator development
- □ Strengthen the SPC health strand work: SPC thematic in-depth review on health policies planned as one of the SPPM thematic in-depth reviews for 2015
- ☐ Use in the European Semester to be evaluated in the future



THANK YOU!