

3rd Health Programme 2014-2020

Joint Actions

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What is new on JA 2014-2020?



EVERYTHING!

- Direct Grant without an open call.
- More structured electronic nomination procedure.
- Electronic submission system.
- External evaluation with simplified award criteria.
- New grant with enhanced role for coordinator.
- Fully electronic monitoring system.





Call 2015: Actions co-financed with MS authorities – Joint Actions

JA have a clear EU added value and are co-financed either by competent authorities that are responsible for health in the MS or in the third countries participating in the Programme, or by public sector bodies and non-governmental bodies mandated by those competent authorities.

Proposals should provide a genuine European dimension. Depending on the scope of the action, previous JA involved on average 25 partners.

A multibeneficiary grant agreement.





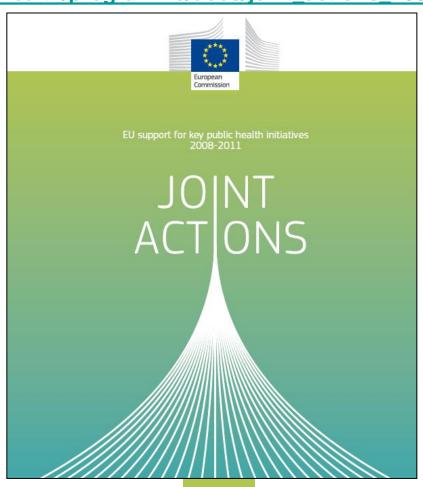
3rd HP: New procedure for JA

- •Direct grant procedure = > all participants have to be nominated first (no open call!)
- •If a non competent authority, like an academic organisation, European umbrella organisation/NGO wants to participate in a JA, it must be designated by a MS competent authority through a transparent procedure.
- •For the "follow-up" JA (second phase of an existing JA): because an organisation is part of the running/finishing JA, this organisation is not automatically designated to participate in the new JA on the same topic!
- •As in PHP2, international organisations (e.g. WHO, OECD, etc.) are not eligible to participate.
- •Chafea will carry out spot checks concerning the transparency and legality of the designation process.





http://ec.europa.eu/health/programme/docs/joint_actions_2008_2011_en.pdf





How are the policy priorities identified for new Joint Action?

The priorities for what should become a JA are decided by a comprehensive appraisal of public health needs in Europe, with input from Member States, e.g. expert committees.

Priorities for the coming year's JAs are defined through negotiations leading up to publication of the Health Programme's annual work plan.

This process resulted in the establishment of the 30 JAs funded between 2008 and 2013.





How are the policy priorities identified for new Joint Action?

- 1. The Commission in order to implement, propose and sustain a legislative process in a specific health field. In other cases, a legal framework exist, but more collaboration among the EU Member States is needed to support the implementation. For example, JAs MODE and ACCORD resulted from an EU directive, while EPAAC and EJA resulted from Council recommendations.
- 2. Another source of **JA priorities is individual health problems that come to light in the global or European health environment**. As these problems do not respect borders, they can affect several Member States; therefore, common actions need to be developed. The priority area should emerge from a consensus among the Member States, and must be in line with national health needs.





How are the policy priorities identified for new Joint Action?

- 3. Other JAs are instigated in response to the work of EU expert committees that carry out horizon-scanning work to identify emergent health problems in Europe that could become priorities in need of European action. Examples include the Equity Action JA of the Expert Group on Social Inequality, and the EHLEIS and ECHIM JAs of the Working Party on health indicators.
- 4. Lastly, Health Programme projects can also identify priority issues. In particular, projects that result in examples of recognised good practices might be scaled up and further developed by the Commission and the Member States through implementing JA. Examples of such actions are the JAMIE, EHLEIS, Equity Action and QUANDHIP Jas.





Process of policy priority setting for new Joint Action on Health inequalities?

- 1. Legal framework exist, Communication (2009) 567, Solidarity in Health: Reducing health inequalities in the EU, and Council recommendation on closing the health gaps (2011/C 359/05), more collaboration among the EU MS is needed to support the implementation
- JA priorities might be required to address an emergent health issues that come to light in the EU MS health environment. When this problem do not respect borders, they can affect several Member States; therefore, common actions need to be developed
- The EU expert committees on social inequalities can decide to address emergent health problems that could become priorities in need of European coordinated action.
- 4. Several EU actions produced relevant results, good practices and tools that could be scaled up, replicated and further developed by the EU MS, with the support of the EC

http://ec.europa.eu/chafea/documents/health/health-inequality-brochure_en.pdf



Action on health inequalities

in the European Union



HI actions relevant reports

- 20106202 -Health inequalities in the EU(Marmot report), www.instituteofhealthequity.org/projects/eu-review
- 20106303 Impact of Structural Funds on Health Gains (Structural Funds on Health Gains), www.healthgain.eu
- 20115201 European Review of Social Determinants and the Health Divide, WHO/Europe direct grant Agreement (RAHEE), www.euro.who.int/en/data-and-evidence/equity-in-health-project
- 20126322 Report on identifying best practice in actions on tobacco smoking to reduce health inequalities, http://ec.europa.eu/health/social_determinants/docs/2014_best_practice_report_en.pdf
- 5. 20126261 Reports on health status of the Roma population in the EU and the monitoring of the data collection in the area of Roma health in Member States (Roma Health), http://ec.europa.eu/chafea/news/news341.html



HI actions focus on social determinants of health

- 2010 Joint Action on Health Inequalities (Equity Action), www.equityaction-project.eu
- 2011 HEALTHEQUITY-2020 Reducing health inequalities: preparation for action plans and structural funds projects, www.healthequity2020.eu
- 3. 2011 ACTION-FOR-HEALTH Reducing health inequalities: preparation for action plans and structural funds projects, www.action-for-health.eu

HI actions focus on vulnerable groups

- 1. 2009 Promote vaccinations among Migrant Populations in Europe(PROMOVAX), www.promovax.eu
- 2. 2009 A European network on cervical cancer surveillance and control in the new Member States (AURORA), www.aurora-project.eu
- 3. 2009- Health Promotion for Young Prisoners (HPYP), www.hpyp.eu
- 2010 Empowering civil society and public health system to fight tuberculosis epidemic among vulnerable groups (TUBIDU), www.tai.ee/en/tubidu
- 5. 2010 Screening for Hepatitis B and C among migrants in the European Union(EU HEP SCREEN), www.hepscreen.eu
- 6. 2012 Fostering health provision for migrants, the Roma, and other vulnerable groups (EQUI-HEALTH), http://equi-health.eea.iom.int
- 7. 2013 Training packages for health professionals to improve access and quality of health services for migrants and ethnic minorities, including the Roma(MEM-TP), http://www.mem-tp.org/





http://ec.europa.eu/chafea/projects/database.html

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DG Health and Food Safety

EU Agencies

Project database

This database includes information about projects, joint actions, conferences, and operating grants funded through calls for proposals in the years 2003 to 2013 under the previous EU Public Health Programme and the current EU Health Programme 2008-2013

- Quick lists Default (two last available years)
 - ▶ Programme quick list Show ▶ By Years Show ▶ By Financing Instrument Show
 - ▶ By Country Show
- By Portfolio Show

- All proposals
- Search: Simple
- Search: Advanced

98 records 🔑 😹 🔊







The specific objectives of the conference are to: 1. Promote

WITH THE YEARS EQUAL TO 2012,2013;

Conference - 2013 -20130001 Mental Health 2013 Mental Health: Challenges and Possibilities

successful mental health prevention/promotion policies and programmes as evidenced through the various European collaborative projects and to facilitate their implementation in particular in new Member States; 2. Strengthen national and local capacities for mental health prevention/promotion by sharing resources and mainstreaming mental health



Types of projects

Research projects - increasing knowledge to serve as basis for "evidence based" decisions.

Development projects - development and pre-testing of an intervention/method to address a particular problem in a

particular population or target group

Implementation projects - wider dissemination and implementation of an existing intervention in a particular target group or population

Combined projects





Elements of a successful project plan

Technical aspects: problem analysis & evidence base, SMART Objectives and Indicators, Target group, Methods, Outcomes, outputs and deliverables

Policy and contextual relevance: social-cultural-policy, support priorities of the Health programme, geographical coverage, EU added value

Management of the project: Partnership, management capacity, risk analysis and planning

Description of work packages, deliverables and timetable

Financial management



The process of nomination of JA participants



The Role of the MS

MS to nominate participants prior to Chafea invitation to prepare the proposal

Process starts with a letter send from the EC to the EU MS
Representation inviting to nominate, with information of the National focal points for the Health Programme

Participants

 Competent authorities (national or regional level) or other bodies (public sector body/NGO: nominated via a transparent procedure, according to relevant national legislation) to participate in one or more of the listed JA





Nomination process in line with the direct grant conditions

- More structured Chafea is required to know all the partners before negotiation can start
- Requirement for transparency:
 - competent authorities legally established or
 - Publication of invitation or call for expression of interest for non competent authorities
- Chafea need to verify the eligibility of the applicant organizations.



OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION

of

a competent authority to participate in the joint action

[please insert here the title of the joint action]						
notification on behalf of	name], [please insert title / function], duly authorised to sign this the [please insert name of the ministry/governmental organisation] umer, Health and Food Executive Agency that the					
Organisation official name						
Organisation short name						
Legally represented by:						
Name of legal representativ	е					
is [the/an] [delete as appropriate – depending if one or more competent authorities are mandated] eligible body to participate on behalf of [please insert country/regional entity] and under its responsibility in the above mentioned joint action to be funded under the Health Programme 2014. The contact person is:						
First and last name						
Direct telephone line						
E-mail address						
Date:						

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION

<u>of</u>

a body other than a competent authority to participate in the joint action

[please insert here the title of the joint action]					
notification on behalf of th	nme], [please insert title / function], duly authorised to sign this e [please insert name of the ministry/governmental organisation] mer, Health and Food Executive Agency that the				
Organisation official name					
Organisation short name					
Legally represented by:					
Name of legal representative					
body to participate on b	priate—depending if one or more bodies are mandated] eligible ehalf of [please insert country/regional entity] and under its mentioned joint action to be funded under the Health Programme				
First and last name					
Direct telephone line					
E-mail address					
_	ion procedure was executed and concluded in the respect of the rece in [please insert country] and that all the transparency				

requirements for the use of public EU and national funds in [please insert country] have been fully met. I confirm that the [please insert name of the ministry/governmental organisation]

Date: Signature

Place:

is fully responsible for this designation and its legality.



How much co-funding?

- EU contribution is 60 % of the total eligible cost;
- In cases of exceptional utility, it is 80 %.

Who can participate?

- Country eligibility EU28 and EEA/EFTA (Norway and Iceland).
- Focus: MS authorities
- Public sector bodies and non-governmental bodies from the above countries can participate in JA, if they are mandated by competent authorities.





Exceptional utility criteria – up to 80% EC co-funding

1. At least 30 % of the budget of the proposed action is allocated to MS whose gross national income (GNI) per inhabitant is less than 90 % of the Union average.

This criterion intends to promote the participation from MS with a low GNI.

2.Bodies from at least 14 participating countries participate in the action, out of which at least four are countries whose GNI per inhabitant is less than 90 % of the Union average.

This criterion promotes wide geographical coverage and the participation of MS authorities from countries with a low GNI.





Next steps

1. Nomination of participants

2. Chafea sends
the Invitation
letter to prepare
the grant
agreement for the
designated
competent
authorities

3. Information session on Joint Actions

4. ADVANCED DRAFT PROPOSALS

5.Remote quality assessment of JA by external experts

6. Workshop for discussion among JA coordinators and evaluators

AWARD DECISION

7. ADAPTATION of the JA proposal in SYGMA

Executive Agency



NEW in 2014: Electronic submission !upon invitation!

Electronic Submission System used for H2020 and other programmes
No paper / online submission!
Information will be on Chafea, SANCO web and the Participant Portal
Evaluation & grant agreement: online





New system = new terminology

- The ECAS account is the European Commission's Authentication Service. It is the system for logging on to a whole range of websites and online services run by the Commission.
- The Beneficiary Register is the European Commission's online register of the beneficiaries participating in EU Programmes, such as Horizon 2020 programmes, the Health and Consumers Programmes and others.





New system = new terminology

- The Participant Identification Code (PIC number)
 is a 9-digit participant identification code, received
 upon completing the registration of the entity online.
- The LEAR (Legal Entity Appointed Representative) is the appointed representative within the beneficiary organisation to manage its data in the Electronic Submission System.





How it work 2014-2020!

- Submission is on only possible online via the Electronic
 Submission Service
 - For the nomination of a competent authority or non- CA through the EU representation
 - For the submission of an application by the coordinator
- Nominations and proposals need to be submitted BEFORE the deadline.
- A link to the Electronic Submission System
 - For the nomination is send to the EU MS representations an
 - For the submission will be sent to each Joint Action coordinator after their nominations.

Step 3

Create a Draft Proposal

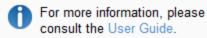
TEST MODE





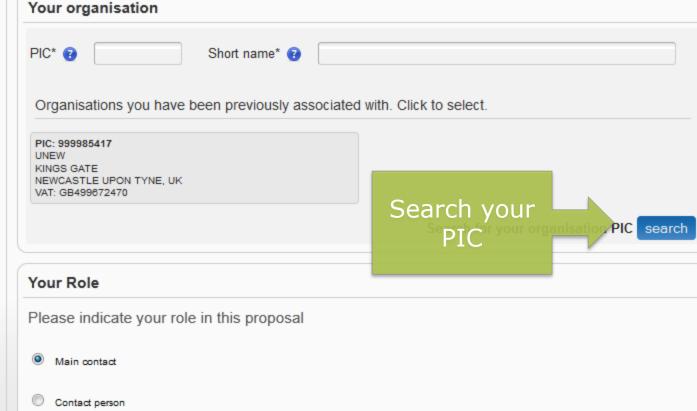


You're using Firefox 17 on Windows. Adobe Reader (version 10,1,3,23) is installed.



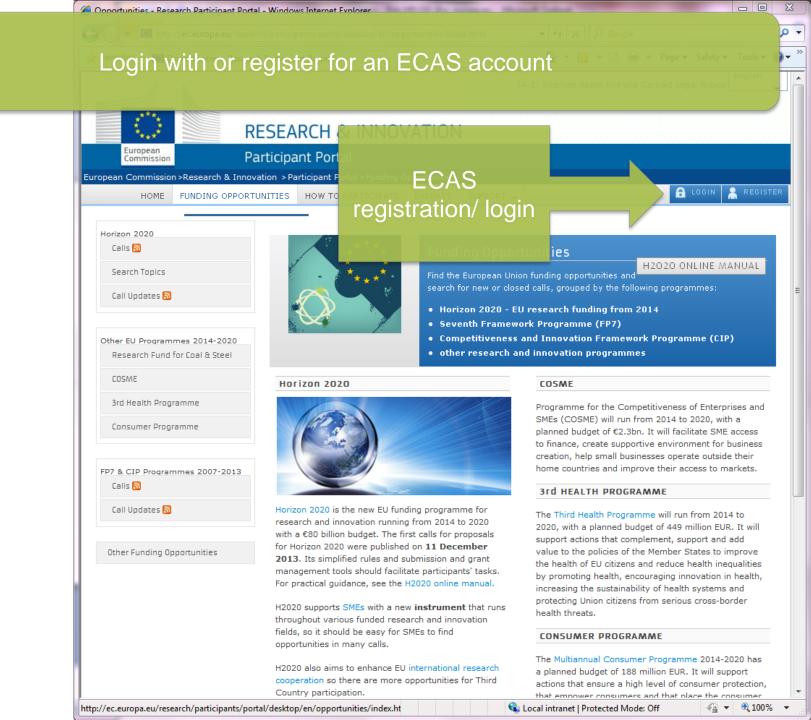
Create a Draft Proposal

Please enter the following information to create a draft proposal. Please note that fields marked with a star (*) are **mandatory**.



Your Proposal

Please choose an acronym for your proposal. It will appear also in the "General Information" section of the submission form Part A and can also be updated there.





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RC Regional Conference MC Media Cluster

11-12 November 2015

http://ec.europa.eu/chafea/health/events_en.html

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ESCAIDE 2015 conference - 10 November pre-event and Stockholm (SE) conference

EUPHA 2015 conference - 8th European Public Health Milan (IT) 14-17 October 2015 Conference

1st Addiction conference - Lunch workshops on 23-24 23-25 September 2015 Lisbon (PT) September

12th AIDS Impact Meeting - Health programme workshop 28-30 July 2015 Amsterdam (NL) on 29 of July

Financing conference 3 June 2015 Brussels (BE)

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Health programme Publications





PROGRAMME SUPPORT TO TACKLE HIV /AIDS AND CO-INFECTIONS

PressPack

EU contribution to a reinforced prevention and improved care in times of HIV epidemic resurgence

Overview of the EU Health Programme support to tackle HIV/AIDS and co-infections

Links and documents

- National Focal Points for Health Programme
- ▶ Jobs: Register to be an expert for EU Health **Programme**
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2008-2013 EU funded actions to support the EU Public Health priorities - Nutrition and Physical Activity **Actions addressing Obesity**



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2nd EU Health Programme INFO-SHEETS

Info-sheets are brief documents encompassing the summary and analysis of implemented actions, and their outcomes, co-funded under the 2nd Health Programme with special relevance to the EU policy in defined public health areas.

The info-sheets are structured in three main sections:

- EU health policy area,
- Health programme contribution
- Six short summaries of the actions on a specific thematic area

Currently available:

Mental Health and Well-being 🚨 pdf Good for people, society and the economy

Nutrition and physical activity - essential routes to better health EU support to promote healthier eating and more exercise

Promoting healthy ageing en M 🔁 pdf

Reducing the cancer burden part

Links and docu

- ▶ National Focal for Health Pro
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Tackling health inequalities

EU support to improve health across all sectors of society

Large disparities in health exist across Europe, between countries, between different parts of the same country and between social groups. By raising awareness of these health inequalities, supporting the development of policies to address them and sharing best practice, EU-funded projects are aiming to ensure that all members of society enjoy better health.

Variation in health

Life expectancy and many other measures of health vary widely both between and within countries.

Health inequalities generally reflect social inequalities, leading to a marked 'social gradient' in health and wellbeing. Moreover, certain communities — including ethnic minorities (especially Roma) and stigmatised groups, such as irregular migrants and sex workers — experience significant health inequalities.

Disparities in health reflect variations in the structures of societies in which people live and the conditions of their daily lives. They are generally mediated by factors such as alcohol and tobacco use and risk behaviours typically associated with low education, income and skills and adverse environments.



Building capacity for action

Project name: Action-for-Health

Number of partners: 10 from 10 countries (BG, EE, ES, HR, HU, LT, NL, SI, SK, UK). EC co-funding: €588 863. Duration: 24 months.

By sharing experience and building on existing know-how, Action-for-Health has helped European regional stakeholders, especially in Eastern Europe, to increase their capacity to tackle health inequalities, particularly by accessing EU structural funds. Needs assessments were carried out at a national level in seven countries. This identified barriers to health equity and highlighted best practices. By sharing a common methodology that respected local situations and resources, project partners were able to develop strategic and locally tailored health-promotion action plans to address health inequalities.

Action plans were developed for seven regions, while a publication on structural funds and a distance learning tool to support development and implementation of action plans will promote wider adoption of the approach.

Visit: www.action-for-health.eu/

Tackling social determinants

Project name: WHO European Review of Social Determinants and the Health Divide

Number of partners: Single beneficiary direct grant. EC co-funding: €400 000. Duration: 30 months.

The EU and the WHO Regional Office for Europe worked together to produce the WHO European Review of Social Determinants and the Health Divide and translate its findings into policy guidance for action on social determinants and health inequalities.

The project built policymaker capacity through a series of policy dialogues and by integrating guidance into existing WHO capacity-building activities and programmes.

The project generated online health inequalities atlases to assess trends and provide a core set of indicators for use by health policymakers/advisers. The project also developed six policy briefs, and guidance to policymakers on applying the 'health in all policies' approach.



Visit: www.euro.who.int/er/data-and-evidence/ equity-in-health-project

Promoting 'health in all policies'

Project name: Equity Action

Number of partners: 24 from 16 countries (BE, CZ, DE, IE, EL, ES, FR, IT, LV, HU, NL, NO, PL, FI, SE, UK). **EC co-funding:** €1 699 999. **Duration:** 36 months.

Promoting 'health in all policies', Equity Action engaged with stakeholders across multiple policy areas to focus attention on health inequalities and cross-sectoral policies in order to address them at national, regional and local level.

It built on the evidence base covering the extent and implications of health inequalities highlighted in 'Solidarity in Health' and promoted use of tools such as 'health impact assessments with an equity focus' and 'health equity audits', in order to integrate a health perspective into policy development and promote action across government on health inequalities.

It also developed a guidance tool for regions on the use of EU structural funds to reduce health inequali-



ties, identified new evidence on the links between a range of policies and health inequalities, and assisted countries in considering the broad range of stakeholders needed to tackle socio-economic inequalities.

Visit: www.equityactior-project.eu



Thank you for your attention!

European Commission
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Health Unit

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